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## Environmental Targets 2030 (Medium- to Long-Term ESG Goals)

3-1,3-2,3-3,101-1,101-4

Unicharm provides consumables essential to a healthy lifestyle. We also recognize the importance of addressing global environmental issues, such as resource depletion and climate change, regarding the sustainability of our business. With this in mind, in May 2020 we established our 2050 Vision, a vision of the type of company we want to be in 2050, with a focus on addressing environmental issues through our business activities, and declared Environmental Targets 2030, the goals we must achieve by 2030 in order to realize this vision.

### **Formulation Process**

## **Phase 1** Identify Material Issues

1) Extraction and analysis of issues

We extracted issues based on society's awareness of marine plastic pollution, the Paris Agreement, forest resource protection, the SDGs, and other considerations, as well as stakeholder interest and the results of Eco Plan 2020 (environmental targets for fiscal 2016 to fiscal 2020). These issues were then filtered, analyzed using a materiality matrix, and identified from the perspective of their importance to the environment.

### Material Environmental Issues Identified by Unicharm Toward 2030

Stakeholder Interest High	Effectively utilizing water resources	Effectively utilizing forest resources Promoting environmentally friendly products	Responding to the problem of plastic waste polluting the oceans Responding to climate change		
	Responding to environmental air pollution (NOx/SOx) Promoting measures to safeguard marine resources		Promoting a recycling society Enhancing the quality of information disclosure		
	Complying with laws and regulations	Promoting efficient production activities	Appropriately managing chemical substances		
		Impact on Unicharm	High		

#### 2) External assessment

In April 2019, the Company's ESG Division and Marketing Division held open discussions on environmental activities with the Nature Conservation Office and four members of the World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF) Japan.

Suggestions from open discussions:

- 1. Company vision
- When setting and sharing environmental targets for 2030, first set out the Company's vision for where it wants to be in 2050
- Once our 2050 Vision has been established, consider what must be achieved by 2030 as part of the process of realizing this vision
- 2. Raising issues

In consideration of our areas of activity, three issues that Unicharm should actively work on are:

- (1) Approach to plastics pollution
  - Follow the 3Rs (reduce, reuse, recycle) in order to promote reduction in the quantity of materials consumed and effective use of recycled materials
  - Consider adoption of the 5Rs (3Rs + refuse, replace) and begin with actions that can be taken now to make steady progress in this area
  - Take proactive steps in sharing information
- (2) Approach to responding to climate change
  - Take proactive steps toward the creation of a renewable energy society by announcing initiatives aimed at realizing a zero-carbon society by 2050 and through activities such as lobbying the government and electric power providers
- (3) Approach to sustainable procurement of forest resources
  - Thoroughly examine and disclose information on the origin of forest resources, as there have been issues in certain areas even when certified
  - Expand use of certified materials, based on our guidelines not only for raw materials used in our products but also for forest-derived resources used in the making of office furniture, promotional materials, and similar products

### **Phase 2** Establish Targets for Material Issues

We held discussions based on suggestions we received through open discussions, established measures to implement and target values for material issues, and reported to the Board of Directors upon approval by the ESG Committee.

# **Environmental Targets 2030:** 2050 Vision and 2030 Targets

Under our 2050 Vision (the type of company we want to be in 2050), we have set the target of realizing a "three zeros" society with zero plastic waste, net zero  $CO_2$  emissions, and zero deforestation related to the purchasing of timber, and have formulated targets for the years leading up to 2030.

### ► Environmental Targets 2030: 2050 Vision and 2030 Targets



Data

#### Progress of Environmental Targets 2030

	Implementation Items		Base Year	Fiscal 2022 Results	Fiscal 2023 Results	Fiscal 2024 Targets	Fiscal 2024 Results	Fiscal 2025 Targets	2030 Targets
Responding to the problem of plastic waste	Reducing usage of plastic in packaging materials	Per unit of sales	2019*1	-12.3%	-18.4%	-21.1%	-26.5%	-27.0%	-30%
	Selling products that do not contain petroleum-derived plastic	_	_	Development ongoing	Development ongoing	Development ongoing	Development ongoing	Development ongoing	10 or more stock-keeping units (SKUs) sold
	Raising awareness about proper disposal of used products	_	_	50% (8 countries and regions)	56% (9 countries and regions)	63% (10 countries and regions)	63% (10 countries and regions)	69% (11 countries and regions)	Rolled out at all Group companies
	Eliminating the use of plastic in sales promotional items	_	_	Japan: 81.8% decrease from fiscal 2019	Japan: 86.9% decrease from fiscal 2019 China: 76.5% decrease from fiscal 2019	Japan: 88.8% decrease from fiscal 2019 China: 79.9% decrease from fiscal 2019	Japan: 97.5% decrease from fiscal 2019 China: 93.7% decrease from fiscal 2019 Vietnam: 37.4% decrease from fiscal 2022 India: 21.7% decrease from fiscal 2023	Japan: 97.9% decrease from fiscal 2019 China: 94.8% decrease from fiscal 2019 Vietnam: 47.8% decrease from fiscal 2022 India: 34.8% decrease from fiscal 2023	In principle, reduced to zero at all Group companies
Responding to climate change	Reducing CO <sub>2</sub> emissions associated with raw materials procurement	Per unit of sales	2016	-12.6% (Japan)	+5.9%*2	-5.9%	+4.1%	+0.6%	-17%
	Reducing CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in manufacturing	Per unit of sales	2016	-35.2%	-55.4%	-57.8%	-59.8%	-62.2%	-34%
	Reducing CO <sub>2</sub> emissions associated with disposal of used products	Per unit of sales	2016	-11.6% (Japan)	-35.8%*2	-37.0%	-38.0%	-39.9%	-26%
Helping prevent	Ensuring traceability to pulp and palm oil production locations (country/region)	Forest-derived raw materials*3	_	97.1%	99.2%	100%	99.3%	100%	Completed
deforestation (response to procurement- related issues)		Palm oil (Japan)	_	62.8%	58.5%	95%	99.4%	100%	
	Expanding the use of certified pulp (PEFC- and CoC-certified)	Percentage of certified factories*4	_	48.4%	58.6%	72%	60.0%	75%	100%
		Percentage of certified materials procured*5	_	72.3%	65.3%	73%	70.3%	75%	
	Expanding the use of certified palm oil (RSPO-certified)*6 (Japan)	-	_	62.8%	58.5%	95%	99.4%	100%	100%
	Promoting the recycling of used disposable diapers	_	_	2*7	2	2	2	2	Rolled out in at least 10 municipalities

- \*1 We have updated our base year from fiscal 2016 to fiscal 2019 following a review in fiscal 2020. \*2 Calculated using values from LCI database AIST-IDEA Ver. 3.4 Research Laboratory for IDEA, RISS, AIST, IPCC2021 with LULUCF AR6, and revised the calculation method for activity volume.
- \*3 Percentage of raw materials derived from forest resources (pulp) for which traceability has been established to their place of origin (country and region), in addition to third-party certified materials
- \*4 Percentage of Unicharm factories that have acquired chain of custody (CoC) certification \*5 Figures for fiscal 2023 have been retroactively recalculated due to a revision in the number of factories subject to calculation and the scope of calculation for overseas businesses
- \*6 RSPO-certified palm oil based on the mass balance system. Figures for fiscal 2023 and prior have been retroactively recalculated due to the addition of new materials subject to calculation.
- \*7 In fiscal 2022, we commenced operation of recycling facilities in two municipalities, Shibushi City and Osaki Town in Kagoshima Prefecture (conducted demonstration trials on the collection of used disposable diapers in Higashiyamato City and Machida City in Tokyo in fiscal 2020 and fiscal 2021, respectively).

#### Fiscal 2024 Results

### Responding to the problem of plastic waste

- Reducing usage of plastic in packaging materials: We reduced the amount of plastic used in packaging materials by 26.5% (per unit of sales) compared with 2019 standards by minimizing the flap of packaging and using paper packaging instead.
- Raising awareness about proper disposal of used products: Unicharm's product packaging in 10 countries and regions contains information on the proper disposal of used products. We also promote efforts such as conducting classes on waste separation and recycling.
- Eliminating the use of plastic in sales promotional items: In addition to Japan and China, we are also promoting initiatives in Vietnam and India such as switching to paper materials and reducing the use of plastic promotional materials.

## Responding to climate change

- Reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions associated with raw materials procurement: Despite promoting the development of lighter, slimmer products and thinner packaging, CO<sub>2</sub> emissions increased 4.1% (per unit of sales) compared with fiscal 2016 standards.
- Reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in manufacturing: We achieved our 2030 targets ahead of schedule by reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 59.8% (per unit of sales) compared with fiscal 2016 standards by procuring renewable power sources.
- Reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions associated with disposal of used products: We reduced the amount of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from the disposal of used products by 38.0% (per unit of sales) compared with 2016 standards by promoting the development of lighter, slimmer products and thinner packaging, in the same manner as our raw materials procurement activities.

# Helping prevent deforestation (response to procurement-related issues)

- Ensuring traceability to pulp and palm oil production locations (country/region), expanding the use of certified pulp (PEFC and CoC-certified), and expanding the use of certified palm oil (RSPO-certified): We expect to achieve our 2030 targets for pulp by acquiring PEFC certification at our factories and strengthening initiatives with suppliers. The percentage of certified palm oil procured in Japan increased to 99.4% due to our ability to further procure oil in small units from fiscal 2024.
- Promoting the recycling of used disposable diapers: We operate recycling facilities in the two municipalities of Shibushi City and Osaki Town in Kagoshima Prefecture.

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